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GREEKS ARE UNDISMAYED.

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THEY GO ON ENTHUSIASTICALLY PREPARING FOR WAR. The last Reserve, 100,000 Strong, Called Out

Naval Demonstration on the Coast of Macedonia Determined On-Action of the Powers May Compel Groeco to Invade Turkey -at. Petersburg Says Greece Will Back Bown ATRENS, March 6.-It has been decided that

there shall be a general mobilization of the Greek forces, and to this end the two classes of reserves that had not been summoned previously have now been called out. The reserve forces alone give a total of 104,500

men, and behind that is what is called the territorial army, which numbers upward of 146,000 men. The standing army numbers about 25,000 men of all arms

Ammunition and supplies for the troops are being made ready as rapidly as possible, and in a few days the whole available war strength of the nation will have been prepared for any emergency that may arise.

Prople who have arrived here from the prov. inces have expressed no surprise at the enthusiastic support that is being given by the Athenians to the Government. They say that there is more enthusiasm in the places they come from than is displayed in the capital, and that there is a grim determination to uphold the King and Government in any steps they may take to maintain their present position.

Despatches from different points in Thessaly and Epirus report the passage of large quanti ties of munitions of war to the frontier, where troops are being massed as speedily as the resources at the command of the military authori

LONDON, March 6 .- It is expected here that the reply of Greece to the ultimatum of the powers will not be made until Monday, her last day of grace. The reeling grows outside of officialdon that the reply will be a negative one.

The Athens correspondent of the Times telegraphs that the bellicose feeling, which had begun to decline, revived more intensely than ever when it was learned that the reserves had all been called out. King George has virtually supreme management of the military operations The despatch adds that two steamers laden with munitions of war and provisions have landed their cargoes at Sphankia, on the south

From this place detachments of troops will convey the supplies across the mountains to the Greek camp. It is said that the Greek army of occupation has provisions sufficient to last for

ATHENS, March 5.-The Cabinet Council, which met last evening after Premier Delyannis's interview with King George, sat until 1 o'clock this morning. It is reported that several impor-tant decisions were reached. According to report, the Cabinet determined upon the action of the Greek fleet on the coast of Macedonia, with a view of aiding the mobilization of the Maceian forces, the guarding of the Macedonian towns devolving upon the gendarmie and the depot battalions. It is estimated that Greece will soon have 100,000 men under arms, includ-

ing the reserves.

The Greek ironclads Spezia and Tsara have salled from the Pirmus under scaled orders.

Advices received here this afternoon show that the force of Christians who are investing Heraklion number 15,000 men. The insurgent have stopped all communication with the town by land, and it is certain that unless the foreign war ships actively intervene in behalf of the Moslems the town will be compelled to surren-der shortly. The small detachments of sailors and marines landed from the various war ships still occupy the town, but without the aid of the feets they could make but a feeble defence against the overwhelming numbers of the in-

Athens in making preparations to give battle to the Turks should they cross the Greek frontier. The Ministry of War presents a most animated scene. Officers in uniform throng the corridors, and orderlies are being despatched constantly in every direction with orders to different com manders. The telegraph wires are busy with despatches to officers in distant places. The most energetic measures are being taken for the mobilization of the forces.

There is a similar scene of activity at the Ministry of Marine, where everything possible is being done to place the fleet in readiness for any There is no sign anywhere of the King or Gov-

ernment receding from the position they have taken, and it is ominous that in face of the threat of combined Europe the warlike preparations are being carried on with feverish activity The most intense enthusiasm is everywhere displayed, and the people have no fear of the result of an appeal to arms. They know full well that the Greek army by itself is no match for the numerically superior Turkish force, but they also know that in the event of war the whole of southern Europe would be set on fire It is this that the powers wish to prevent, but if they attempt to use force to compel Greece to accede to their demands there is very strong probability that Greece will apply the torch that will start a conflagration the result of which no one can foretell. It is believed here that the powers, seeing the chance of their becoming involved in

force the Greeks to withdraw their support from the Cretan Christians. COMSTANTINOPLE, March 5 .- Evidence was given to-day of the feeling that has been created In Albania by Greece's defiance of the powers A strong force of Albanians who were all prepared for active hostilities surrounded at El Bassan two hattalions of Turkish reserves who were marching to the Greek frontier. The reserves were disarmed by their captors, who appropriated to themselves the captured rifles and

a general war owing to their conflicting inter-

ests, will make haste slowly in attempting to

war material carried by the reserves. St. Peterssure, March 5.-The Journal (semi-official) makes a statement in effect that the Russian imperial Cabinet is animated by an ardent desire to further the work of pacification, and in that spirit took the initiative in propos ing the plan formulated in the identical notes of he powers to Turkey and Greece. The paper, in conclusion, says:

There is reason to hope that further difficul tles will not arise, and that Greece will prove her visciom by bending to the mighty will of united Europe. In the common interests of peace and legality Greece cannot desire to endanger her future by acts of folly, and the Greeks may be happy in the knowledge that their kinsmen in Crete will in future enjoy local autonomy. Russia, which has ever had the interests of the Christian peoples of the East at heart, will regard the suggested solution with satisfaction all he greater, seeing that it is in harmony with her desire for universal peace, and is in the spirit of equity by which the imperial Govern-

ment is constantly inspired." Pants. March 5.—The Figure publishes a reprot of an interview with M. Delyannis, Prime
Minister of Greece, had by the correspondent of
the paper in Athens. The Greek Fremier is
moted as saying that the Greek troops would
sol under any circumstances be withdrawn
from Crete. They were there to stay, he delared, and in addition to that the temper of the
cropie of Greece would compel the Government
or invade Turkey. Greece, M. Delyannis said,
interly asked for a plebiscite to show that the
inhabitants of the island of Crete are overthelimingly in favor of union with the Greek
kingdom. Greece would prefer to disappear
from the map of Europe rather than draw back
from the position she has taken.

Yiknna, March 5.—It is stated here upon authority that the Porte has accepted the settle-

ment of the Cretan difficulty agreed upon by the powers, which contemplates the establishment of an autonomous administration in Crete, the withdrawal of the Greek troops and fleet from the Island, and the subsequent withdrawal of the Turkish troops. The same authority states that the Admirals of the foreign warships are preparing plans to coerce Greece into compliance with their demands for her evacuation of the Island in the event of her fallure to do so within the six days prescribed.

CANEA, Crete, March 5.—The British Consul at this place has started for Belino to endeavor to relieve the Turks who are besieged there by the Cretan insurgents.

No attempt is made to administer justice in the courts, and, in fact, neither the civil nor criminal tribunals are sitting. In the cases before the civil courts many of the plaintiffs or detendants have abandoned their prosecutions or defences and are in the field battling against the Moslems. Many of the court officials have field to the various towns and come to this city for protection under the guns of the foreign warships, while other officials have left the island entirely. Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation, will proceed to organize a system of administration for the island in spite of the fact that the powers have demanded that he and his forces shall evacuate Crete by Monday next.

He is proceeding as though such a demand had

day next.

He is proceeding as though such a demand had never been made, and it is his intention to appoint prefects and judges for all the districts, to start again the civil and judicial machinery of the island which is now in a complete state of democralisation.

the island which is now in a complete state of demoralization.

Col. Vassos has disclaimed all responsibility for the acts of the insurgents who are besieging the Turkish position back of Selino. He states that no Greek regular troops are there.

LONDON, March 5.—The Greek Consul here has received a telegram from Athens stating that 40,000 Greek troops have been called out and are to be despatched to the Turkish frontier with the least possible delay.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. G. N. Curzon, Under Secretary to the Foreign Office, stated that the British battle ship Rodney, with three foreign warships, had started for Selino, Crote, with orders to assist the Turks who are besieged by Cretan Christians near that town.

Concerning the despatch signed by 100 Liberal and Irish Nationalist members of Parliament, which was sent to the King of Greece last night expressing sympathy with the efforts of Greece in behalf of Crete, the Westminster Gazette (Liberal) says:

"When the King receives this measure of

Greece in behalf of Crete, the Westminster Greette (Liberal) says:

"When the King receives this message of sympathy he will do well to take notice of the fact that the British Government has a majority of 150 in the House of Commons. If he understands the bearing of this, and if he knows that the Government of Great Britain can only be diverted from its decision by an adverse vote in the House of Commons, which there is apparently no chance of obtaining, he will better understand the value of the message."

there is apparently no chance of obtaining, he will better understand the value of the message."

The Stock Exchange market opened with an uneasy feeling to-day under the influence of the news from Athens and the general outlook in the East. American railroad stocks were heavy, opening from 4 to 1 lower than yesterday's closing prices, and closing from 4 to 2 lower on the day. Consols both for money and the account, were depressed, and shortly after the opening were 7-16 lower for the former and 2 lower for the latter. Both closed 3 lower on the day. Foreign securities were dull. Mining shares were dull. Other securities were depressed and showed marked declines.

Despatches from Berlin, Paris, Vienna, and other centres show that all the Continental bourses were unsettled at the opening.

Lombon, March 6.—The House remained in seasion until after midnight. After 12 o'clock the Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, the Government leader in the House, arose to answer a question asked by the Right Hon. John Morier, formerly Chief Secretary for Ireland, who desired information as to the identical note presented to the Governments of Turkey and Greece. Mr. Balfour said the Government had received a despatch from Constantinople saying that the note had been presented to the Porte.

Mr. Morley was not satisfied with this indefinite reply, and he pressed Mr. Balfour to read the text of the note.

Mr. Balfour refused to do this, saying that he did not have the text. He added, however, that it was doubless the same as had been agreed upon by the powers. He reitersted that the powers were determined that the Turkish forces should not have uncontrolled dominion in any part of Crete.

TO INCREASE GERMANT'S NAVY.

idmiral Hollmann Wants 5 Battle Ships, 10 Cruisers, and 22 Torpedo Boats. BERLIN, March 5,-Admiral Hollmann, Comnander-in-Chief of the German navy, appeared before the Budget Committee of the Reichstas to-day, and stated that five battle ships, ten ruisers, twenty-two torpedo boats, and other ncreases were needed to enhance the naval trength of the empire. The fleets of France and Russia, he added, had made immense progress in recent years. In case of war Germany could not confine her naval operations to the defence of her coast, but her warships would have to

Hollmann declared that the fatherland looked with great expectation to the navy. A Government memorandum, which was laid fore the committee, demands that the sum of 328,000,000 marks be appropriated for the pur pose of replenishing the navy during the coming our years. This amount far exceeded the sum the committee expected would be asked for, and

to be considered. ENGLAND'S POWERFUL NAFY.

Greater, Mr. Goschen Declares, than the Com-, bined Forces of Any Two Powers.

LONDON, March 5 .- In the course of the disussion of the naval estimates in the House of ommons to-day, Sir Charles Dilke said he hought that the navy was greatly deficient. specially in respect of Lieutenants, engineers, and stokers, and even the programme for building new ships was not large enough.

The Right Hon. George J. Goschen, First Lord

of the Admiralty, declared that if Great Britain hould go to war to-morrow with two of the greatest maritime powers, the British navy would be found distinctly superior to both, in

THE HUSBAND FATALLY BURNED His Wife Threw a Burning Lamp at Him

When He Made for Her with a Carying Knife, MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 5 .- George A. Wagner, an employee of the Anglo-Swiss Condensery of this city, was fatally burned early on Friday morning at his home in an altercation with his wife, whose maiden name was Harriet Leimmis, a former music teacher of Newark, N. J. Wagner and his wife have lived unhap pily since their marriage, four years ago, and of pily since their marriage, four years ago, and of late he has been drinking heavily. He went home on Friday morning intoxicated and his wife began scolding him. He grabbed a carving knife and started for her. The first weapon of defence she could get hold of was a burning lamp, and when he approached her with the uplifted blade she threw the lamp with all her night into his face. An explosion of oil followed, and the next moment the upper part of his body was in flames. He ran outdoors and rolled in the snow, while the wife threw several pails of water on him, finally extinguishing the flames, but not until he had been frightfully burned and inhaled some of the flames.

DEPUTY ROME IN TROUBLE.

Third, Reinstated and Suspended. The conflict between Alexander McKinney and Villiam M. Rome for control of the Internal Revenue office in Brooklyn has not been settled. On the expiration of Collector Kelley's term on Wednesday night, owing to the failure of the Senate to confirm him, Secretary Carlisle appointed Chief Deputy Alexander McKinney as acting Collector. Mr. Rome contended that because he was the senior Deputy the place be-longed to him, and he made a formal demand

for it.

When the facts of the controversy were telegraphed to Washington, an order came back promptly directing the suspension of Mr. Rome pending an investigation. This was followed yesterday by a second order for his diamissal.

Last evening a third despatch was received announcing the revocation of Mr. Rome's dismissal, and again ordering his suspension, pending an investigation.

Greece Wants 2,000 of Our Cavalry Horses. Gil Curry, the young Kentucky reinsman who has lately acted as buyer of trotting stock in America for several Austrian dealers, will sail for Vienna to-day, in response to a cablegram from B. Pollock & Co., asking whether he could supply 2,000 cavalry horses from this market. Curry said that the horses were wanted for use in the army of Greece, the Vienna firm which he represents having negotiated a contract to sup-ply a large number of serviceable animals of this type.

NEWMARKET CLEANED OUT

100 POLICEMEN LOCK THE DOORS AND ARREST EVERYBODY.

Three Hundred and Pifty Prisoners Taken Out Men First, Women Last - Carted Off in Patrol Wagons or Made to Foot It-A Crowd of 2,000 Persons Greet Them with Moots

Acting Inspector Harley and Capt, Chapman narched a hundred uniformed policemen earl this morning to the Newmarket dance hall on the southeast corner of Thirtieth street and Sixth avenue, which was recently opened by Ed Corey, formerly manager of Billy McGlory' place. The men surrounded the hall, locked al the doors, and declared the crowd of men and women there prisoners.

The raid was the biggest that has oc curred in the Tenderloin for years in the number of persons arrested. It was just half an hour after midnight when the dances were getting into full blast. Inspector Harley and Capt. Chapman mustered the sixty patrolmen who had finished their tour of duty at midnight and twenty-five others who were doing reserve duty in the Thirtieth street station house, and with two Sergeants and two roundsmen marched them down in double file to the corner of Thirti-

eth street. They surrounded the open fronts of the building and seized all the exits. Two policemen got nside first, and announced that everybody in the place was under arrest. The musicians dropped their instruments and

the dancers ceased. All joined in a rush for the doors.

crowd of half-drunken men and women rushed around in a circle like rats in a trap looking for ome means of egress When they found they were all prisoners the men yelled and cursed and the women shricked

and wept. The news of the raid spread through the Ter derloin like fun, and within ten minutes a crowd of 2,000 men and women assembled on the outside and yelled and laughed at the predicamen

of those within. Inspector Harley sent for the reserves of the West Twentieth street station to keep the crowd in order and allow the other policemen to convey the prisoners to the Thirtieth street station There were two patrol wagons in waiting, and the imprisoned men were told to come out first. They were hustled along in a continuous stream into the wagons, and the horses galloped over

to the station. Some of the prisoners were taken over on foot, and as each batch departed for the station house they would get a send-off in the yells and hoots from the crowd. Ed Corey, the reputed proprietor and manager,

was the first prisoner to come out. Some of the men tried to break away as soon as they reached the street, but the police handled them without gioves, and protesting "sports" in evening dress were hustled in the wagons with the Sixth avenue touts and other characters caught in the

avenue touts and other characters caught in the raid.

Two sergeants were kept busy recording the names of the prisoners in the station house, and at 1 o'clock this morning it was estimated that there were 350 prisoners in the station house.

There were more Smiths, Browns, and Joneses in the crowd than were ever recorded in even the Tenderioin.

The men were packed four and five in a cell and the corridor was jammed. The scene resembled the old days in the Tenderioin, when there was a general clearing up of the precinct. The prisoners sang and shouted, while some were frantic, shouting for the doorman to get somebody to ball them out.

The warrant on which the arrest was made was issued by Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday morning.

It was granted on evidence secured by detectives on the staffs of Chief Coulin and Inspector Harley and the ward detectives. The warrant charges Corey with keeping and maintaining a disorderly house.

Corey charged 25 cents admission to the place, but the profits came from the drinks that were sold there.

The hall was called the Newmarket in memory

sold there.

The hall was called the Newmarket in memory of the Haymarket, the notorious dance hall which was run there in the days of the old Tenderion. There was little difference in the character of the persons who frequented the new dance hall and those who haunted the Haymarket, and the only improvement was dance hall and those who haunted the Haymarket, and the only improvement was
the fact that the new place was more
elaborately fitted out than the old. On
the opening night the proprietor and one of
his waiters were arrested for selling liquor
without a meal. The Grand Jury refused yesterday to indict Corey. This arrest did not
bother Corey, and he allowed dances to take
place there nightly, claiming that they were
held by regularly organized associations. The
names of the associations were rather fanctful,
however. The Stargeszers being one of them.
The dances began at midnight and continued all
night. Drinks were served with sandwich meals.

ROBBERS STRIPPED HIM.

And the Farmer Who Consented to Take Sta

DANBURY, Conn., March 5 .- John H. Starr of this city was held up and robbed by highwaymen last night. The robbers stripped him of his clothes and left him to freeze by the roadside. Starr went to Norwalk yesterday and missed the last train to Danbury. Late at night he started to drive home. He lost his way and was trying to retrace his route over a lonesome country to retrace his routs over a lonesome country road a mile from Ridgefield when he was attacked by the robbers. They dragged him from the wagon and he lost consciousness.

When Starr came to his senses he found himself lying by the roadside naked. Some of his clothing lay near him, and he put it on and started to find a farm house. He was almost frozen, and had difficulty in reaching the nearest house, which was half a mile away. It was 3 o'clock in the morning, and the farmer refused to admit him, fearing that he was a robber. Starr pleaded that he was freezing, and the farmer saw that he was telling the truth. He consented to let Starr into the house upon the condition that he would permit his hands to be tied behind him and allow himself to be strapped to a chair. tied beams and to a chair.

This morning Starr found the remainder of his clothing strewn along the road for half a mile. His horse and wagon were also found in the vicinity. His gold watch and \$140 were taken

CLEVELAND NOW ON THE VIOLET. Changes from the Maple at Norfelk-To Go to

Florida with Mr. Benedict. NORFOLK, Va., March 5.-Ex-President Grover Cleveland passed here this morning on his way o the North Carolina sounds. He was the guest of Capt, Lamberton, inspector of the Fifth lighthouse district, and of Capt. Robley D. Evans of the navy, who is a member of the Lighthouse Board. Capt. Wood of the army was also a member of the party. They arrived from Washington at 7:30 o'clock on the lighthouse tender Maple and were transferred to the Violet and then continued their journey south by the in-

then continued their journey south by the inland route.

Mr. Cleveland telegraphed to his wife from here that he was feeling better than he had felt for some weeks, and gave instructions for his mail to be directed to Beaufort, N. C. Mr. Cleveland will join E. C. Benedlet, the New York banker, on the latter's yacht Oneida at Beaufort. The Oneida will sail for Florida, and the ex-President will try his hand at hauling tarpon or shooting alligators. He dropped a hint on the run from Washington which left Capt. French of the Maple under the impression that Mr. Cleveland may go to Cuba to see for himself what is the actual condition of the island in the present state of rebellion.

Carlotta Wants to Visit Mexico

MEXICO CITY, March 5 .- The Two Republica will publish to-morrow a report on the authority of an ex-diplomat that the mission of the Austrian nobleman, Prince Kevenholler, here is to secure the Government's permission for ex-Em-press Carlotta to visit Mexico. It is said that her mind is improving and that she wishes to revisit the scenes of the tragic death of her busband, Maximilian. The permis-sion will be granted by the Mexican Govern-ment, and every attention will be paid her. Her physicians recommend the visit.

Mr. Carlisle's Future.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Mr. Logan Carlisle said to-night that Secretary Carlisle had not yet decided where he would locate or what he would do. It is understood that he has several offers under advisement,

ADRIATIC'S STORMY VOYAGE.

Buffeted by Tremendous Seas All the Way Across Sails and Beats Lost QUEENSTOWN, March 6. - The White Star steamer Adriatic, Capt. Sowden, from New York

Feb. 24, arrived here at 3:45 o'clock this morning, after a most tempestuous voyage. Heavy gales and tremendous seas were met with almost all the way across.

Three topsails that were set to steady the teamer were blown from the bolt ropes, and two lifeboats were swept from their davits. The tearing gear became disabled, and it was some time before it could be repaired. In the mean time the steamer was beyond control.

She broached to and did some fearful rolling when she got in the trough of the sea. While in this position she shipped much water, a considerable quantity of which went down the companionways, flooding the cabins and adding to the discomfort of the passengers.

For several days the passengers did not ven-

ture on deck. A few of them sustained slight injuries by being thrown down or against the bulkheads while the steamer was pitching and rolling heavily.

NEW WHISKEY COMBINATION.

The Proposed Plan to Unite Kentucky Distilleries Under One Management

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 5 .- The object of the neeting of the Kentucky distillers of Bourbon whiskey in this city and similar conferences a smaller scale in Chicago and New York devel-

For four years the whiskey-making business in this State has not been encouraging from a money point of view, and the plan is to combin the 115 distilleries by the assistance of an Eastern syndicate having \$8,000,000, and then in crease the price of the Kentucky product; to restrict production and reduce the present supply by closing distilleries, following the policy of the whiskey trust.

The American Spirits Manufacturing Com pany, which purchased the properties of the old Whiskey Trust, does not come into competitio Whiskey Trust, does not come into competition with the Kentucky distiller, but such men as Sam Rice, President of the company, and Jules Bach, also an officer, are among the promoters of the Kentucky combination, and will, with others, be largely interested in the company. Four Philadelphia capitalists are also interested in the onterprise, and at a recent meeting to arrange the legal preliminaries, held in the office of Levy Mayer. Chicago, counsel for the American Company, the Philadelphia interests were represented by H. J. M. Cardoza. Nathan Bijur of New York, who is general counsel for the American Company, was there to care for the interests of the New Yorkers. The Rothschilds are also reported to be interested in the scheme.

Rothschilds are also reported to be interested in the scheme.

John G. Roach, a prominent distiller, said to-day he was confident the combination would be effected and in operation within a month. The company is to be expitalized to the amount of \$30,000,000 divided in the following securities: \$10,000,000 first mortgage bonds, \$5,000,000 preferred stock, \$15,000,000 common stock. It is understood the Eastern syndicate will take the bonds, and stock will remain in the hands of the Kentuckians, but the details have not reached the final stage. eached the final stage.

BURGLAR IN A DENTIST'S OFFICE-

Fooled the Boctor by Pretending That He Had a Toothache-Escaped with \$165 in Gold. POUGHKEEPSIE, March 5 .- When Dr. J. P. Farrer, manager of the branch office of a New York dental concern in this city, entered his office at about 11:30 o'clock last night he found the door open and heard somebody moving around inside. At first he thought it was his partner, and he shouted out: Hello, Doc! There was no answer. Dr. Farrer quickly turned on the electric light and grabbed around the neck a tall man who had been standing near

the mantel, but who started to run out when the light was turned on. What do you want here I" queried the dentist. "Well, Doctor," said the big fellow with assumed frankness, "I know appearances are against me. But what's a fellow with a raging oothache going to do! Wow! There it goes gain. Say, for Heaven's sake, give me some-

again. Say, for Heaven.

thing to stop it."

"Sit down in the chair," said Dr. Farrer. "I'll

"Sit down in the chair," said Dr. Farrer. "Sit down in the chair," said Dr. Farrer. "I'll look at it."
The stranger sat down in the dental chair and the Doctor found sure enough that one of his teeth looked as if it might be aching. He put something on it to relieve pain. The stranger expressed his thanks, chattered a while, told the Doctor that he was a New York man and his name was Vincent, that he was up to Pough-keepsle hunting up a sensation for a newspaper, and was registered at the Wimpleberg Hotel. Dr. Farrer went with him to the hotel and found that he was registered as he had said. The two parted good friends.

After returning to his office Dr. Farrer missed a quantity of gold used in dental work, valued at \$165. It was too late to catch the thisf then, as he had got out of town. The gentlemanly burglar is described as six feet tall, with a full face, smooth shaven, and dark hair. He wore a large black storm overcost and derby hat, and had the air of a prosperous man.

BOYS ROB FLAT MAIL BOXES. They Spent the Money Found in Letters in

Candy and Cigarettes Four young thieves who have found it profitable to fish letters out of mail boxes in the vestibules of flat houses in Harlem were caught yesterday. They are Robert Farrell, aged 9 years, of 40 West 116th street; John Gutekunst, the same age, of 10 West 115th street; Frederick Melsensall, aged 10 years, of 17 East 115th street, and Max Taylor, 14 years old, of 8 West 116th street. Taylor's father is a merchant and his brother is a physician. The others are rons

of janitors.

For months past tenants of flats have complained to the police of the loss of letters and the Postal Department was also appealed to. Apollo Castellanos, treasurer of the Cuban relief fund, resides in the flat where young Farrell lives. He was a frequent sufferer at the hands of thieves and the Cuban relief fund missed sundry contributions. Elias E, Ries of 4 West 115th street and John Andrews, a court stenographer, living at 1414 Fifth avenue, also lost lefters frequently. The last letter that was stolen from Castellanos contained a money order for \$10.64. How much the many other letters he missed contained he has no way of knowing.

Detective Fogarity of the East 104th street station was detailed on the case. He watched Castellanos's house yesterday, and caught Farrell trying to fish a letter out of the box with a bent wire. Farrell confessed and implicated the other boys.

"We waited until the postman got out of the way, and usually some of us kept watch while the others pulled the letters out," he said.

They spent the money they found in the letters for candy and cigarettes, and tore up letters which contained no money. The boys were committed for examination, and were taken charge of by the Gerry society. resides in the flat where young Farrell lives

GIVES \$10,000 TO THE Y. M. H. A. urs. Esther Herrmann Provides a Pand for Adding to the Evening Clauses.

Mrs. Esther Herrmann has given \$10,000 to the Young Men's Hebrew Association, the income to be used for the educational classes Mrs. Herrmann says in making this gift:

"Many years ago, when one of my sons was developing into manhood and required wise counsel to guard him from the temptations of a large city, I advised him to join the evening classes of the Y. M. C. A. The benefit he gained therefrom impressed me so favorably that I hoped to see similar advantages extended to young men of our own race, with branches established in various quarters of the east side of our city where the unfortunate, born in ignorance and poverty, could be trained to be useful and self-supporting citizens. A report of your association was sent to me, and I called at the rooms, 111 East Fifty-ninth street. Through the courtesy of your President I was invited to inspect them. It occurred to me that there were not enough classes in operation to teach young men many other branches that might be most useful to them in helping them to better their condition in life and furthering the objects of the institution by attracting to the rooms those who would be very glad to take advantage of the opportunities thus offered to them. Inclosed please lind check for \$10,000, which it is my desire to have invested by the association as a special fund for the purpose of maintaining such classes as may be most beneficial to young men of the age I have referred to above, and also help to make them become honest and patriotic American citizens." roung men of our own race, with branches es-

IT WAS MISS BAKER WHO DROVE THE WAGON THAT STRUCK HIM.

She Was Making a Difficult Turn at a Crowder Corner of Fifth Avenue-Mr. Kernechan Never Pully Regulard Consciousness-Ho Bied a Little After & o'Clock Last Night.

Mr. James P. Kernochan of 824 Fifth avenue, who was knocked down by a road wagon at the corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-first street on Monday morning, died at his residence last night a few minutes after 8 o'clock, Mr. Kernochan never fully regained consciousness The first indication that he was failing developed on Wednesday afternoon when his breathing became faint and irregular, but it was not until yesterday afternoon that his physicians abandoned hope and appounced that his death was a matter of a few hours. His wife, his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Kernochan, and his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert C. Pell, with the three physicians, Dr. T. F. Allen, Dr. Paul Allen, and Dr. William Tod Helmuth, were at his bedside when he died. Mr. Kernochan's brother, J. Frederick Kernochan, reached the house a few minutes later.

It was made known yesterday that the young

woman who drove the wagon that struck Mr. Kernochan is Miss Baker, the daughter of Mr. George F. Baker of 258 Madison avenue, President of the First National Bank. On the day after the accident Miss Baker called at the Kernochan residence and told the fam-ily that she was the owner of the wagon. She was greatly distressed at the accident. According to the story told by Frank N. Hall, a young man employed in a tailoring establishment at 11 West Twenty-seventh street, the accident was unavoidable. Mr. Hall is the only witness found so far. Mr. Kernochan, he said, was walking down Fifth avenue on the east sidewalk, and had half crossed Forty-first street when Miss Baker's wagon turned east into that street from the north. There

turned east into that street from the north. There were a great many carriages passing in both directions on the avenue, and a number of trucks were approaching from Madison avenue through Forty-first street as well. The wagon his to get from the west side of the avenue to the right or south side of Forty-first street. As it reached the crosswalk one of the shafts struck Mr. Kernochan in the right shoulder, knocking him a distance of about four feet. In his fall his head struck upon the pavement. Several men carried him into a store at the northeast corner, and Dr. Howard C. Taylor attended him until the arrival of Dr. T. F. Allen, the family physician, of 10 East Thirty-sixth street. Miss Baker had driven off to get a physician, and Dr. Allen is her own physician. Mrs. Kernochan was summoned by a messenger and took her husband home in her carriage. On the way home Mr. Kernochan became unconscious, and although he spoke a few words from time to time afterward, it can hardly be said that he regained his senses even for a moment. He died from the effects of a hemorrhage upon the brain.

James Powell Kernochan was born in this city upon the brain.

James Powell Kernochan was born in this city

in October, 1831, and was a son of Joseph Kernochan, who was at one time President of the Fulton Bank. He was interested some years ago in the tobacco trade, but recently he had not ago in the tobacco trade, but recently he had not been engaged in any active business. He married Katherine Lorillard, a daughter of Peter Lorillard. Mr. Kernochan was trustee of the Lorillard. Spencer and Marshall estates, the office of which is at 44 Pine street. He was a director of the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company and a member of the Governing Board of the Metropolitan Club, He was also a member of the Union Club, the Tuxelo Club, and the Rocksway Hunt Club. He attended St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church at Madison avenue and Seventy-first street, where the funeral will be held, probably on Monday. The Rev. E. Walpole Warren will officiate. The interment will be in Greenwood.

The police reported Mr. Kernochan's death to the Coroner's office at 10 o'clock last night.

IDAHO'S SENATE ELECTION.

and for Dubots. Borsé, March 5.-Things are getting quite interesting in the Idaho Senatorial bribery charge. Miss Lucille Scott testified before the committee of investigation that Representative Perkins told her he wanted to go home with \$3,000 or \$4,000, and that it mattered little to

he cared for was to make the money out of it. Miss Scott also testifled that she overheard a conversation in a railroad coach between Representative George A. Williams and a lumber dealer of La Grande county, whose name she had forgotten, in which Williams said that there was crookedness in the election of Heitfeld, and

mad forgotten, in which Williams said that there was crookedness in the election of Heiffeld, and gave the names of a number of legislators, including Joines, Perkins, and McCarthy, who had received money for their votes, and said that one legislator had got \$1,700. The witness said she was working is the interest of Dubois, and that Perkins had said he could help her, and that his vote was worth \$300 anyway.

H. S. Wooley, she testified, told her he had \$12,000 which he could give her if she would secure twelve votes for any man to defeat Dubois, and she mentioned to him the names of nine legislators whom she thought she could handle. Vie Bierbower, ex-Lieutenant Governor, and other Republican leaders, she said, told her that H. B. Eastman had control of \$40,000 sent from the East to defeat Dubois.

Mrs. Joines, wife of the man who made the affidavit, testified that her husband had given her \$250 which he received for voting for Heitfeld.

feld.

Representative Mitchell testified that C. P.
Wheeler offered him \$1,000 to vote for Dubols,
and Charles Bunting told him he could get
\$1,000 for his vote,
Representative Flannigan said Joines told him
several times that he could get a large sum for
voting for Dubols.

A WILD WARWHOOP FROM MEXICO. Only Diaz's Iron Rule Prevents Her from Taking Texas Back at the Cannon's Mouth.

St. Louis, March 5 .- A despatch to the Globe-Democrat from Guadalajara, Mexico, says that almost a warlike spirit is being aroused among the people of Mexico by the coming of Messrs. Bruce, Stone, and Pierce of Boston to enter into negotiations with the Mexican Government for the return of the flags captured by the Mexican troops during the war of 1847. The newspapers of the republic, led by El National at the City of Mexico and El Noticiero at Guadalajara, are of Mexico and El Noticiero at Guadalajara, are indulging in very intemperate language regarding the visit of these gentlemen, and they are denouncing America and Americans in most incendiary language—going so far as to demand of the United States, at the cannon's mouth, if necessary, a return of all the territory taken from Mexico. They specify California, Colorado, Novada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas as the property which has been "stolen from Mexico." So strong is the sentiment against Americans that ladies are openly insulted in the streets and stores, and if their excorts resent the offence they are dragged off to jail and fined. It is acknowledged that only the iron rule of President Diax prevents a collision, and it is predicted that his death or resignation would be followed by a war with the United States in six months.

Trolley Car Smashed by a Locomotive. POUGHKEEPSIK, March 5 .- An engine on Rus sell Sage's Poughkeepsie and Eastern Railroad backed over a trolley car this afternoon at 5 o'clock, smashed the car and probably fatally injured Motorman Lockwood. There were only a few passengers. A little girl, Genevieve Bodden, had her fingers cut off and was badly cut by broken glass. Several others were slightly injured. Conductor Eggleston escaped unhurt. The accident occurred at the grade crossing of the Poughkeepsis and Eastern Railroad and the North End trolloy. The engine, when the motorman first saw it, was not in motion, and seeing a clear track, he attempted to cross it, when the engine was started and struck the car, derailing it and hurling it against a tree. There was no flagman at the crossing. a few passengers. A little girl, Genevieve Bod-

Going Over the Books of the French Line.

Agent Forget of the French line of steamships said yesterday that the periodical inspection of spector representing the home office. Pending the examination, C. G. West, superintendent of the French pier, has been relieved from duty.

The inspector goes once in two or three years to every port in which the French line has agencies.

The Full Text

JAMES P. KERNOCHAN DEAD NEW CABINET NOT YET INSTALLED. The Various Departments in Charge of Old

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Until the new Cabi-

net, which was confirmed by the Senate to-day, shall be installed, each of the great executive offices will remain in charge of a subordinate official. Mr. Rockhill is acting Secretary of State in place of Mr. Olney, who remains silent as to his broken relations with Cleveland; Assistant Secretary Curtis is acting Secretary of the Treasury, Assistant Secretary Joseph B. Doe is acting Secretary of War, Solicitor-General Conrad is Attorney-General pro tem. Postmaster-General Wilson has turned over his office to his assistants; Mr. Mc Adoo is acting Secretary of the Navy, which is no new experience to him, by reason of Secretary Herbert's frequent trips abroad and to points of inspection at home; Secretary Francis has relinquished to his assistant secretaries the important duties of Secretary of the Interior, which he has held so short a time, and Secretary Sterling Morton has willingly turned over the dis tribution of agricultural seeds to Assistant Secretary Dabney.

The Hon. James A. Gary, the new Postmaster General, called to-day upon the outgoing Postmaster-General and was in conference with him for several hours discussing the workings of the department. Mr. Wilson in a general way gave Mr. Gary an idea of the workings of the department and what business would be left over for him to take up.

Cornelius N. Bliss, who is to be Secretary of the Interior, called upon Secretary Francis this morning. The two were in consultation for about an hour, going over the affairs of the Interior Department.

The new Secretary of the Navy, John D. Long of Massachusetts, accompanied by his family, reached Washington shortly after 10 o'clock this morning and went to the residence on K street where he lived while in Congress. Leaving his daughter there, he drove to the White House and had a brief talk with the President, At its conclusion he walked across to the Nav Department to see Mr. Herbert, who is an old friend of his.

Secretary Olney understood from Mr. Sherman to-day that he would not take charge of the De partment of State until Monday next.

LEE SAYS "ALL QUIET."

mericans Herenfter Convicted in Cuba to Be Expelled From the Island. WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Secretary Olney has

received the following cable message from Consul-General Lee at Havana; "All quiet, No excitement here now, I hope o secure prompt trial of all Americans imprisoned. Those found innocent to be released and

those guilty out of the island." This despatch, which came this afternoon in cipber, indicates a most important change of attitude on the part of the military authorities in Cuba under orders from Madrid, as guilty americans, on conviction, are to be expelled from the island instead of being otherwise pun-

EXPELLED FROM THE LEGISLATURE ntative Brickley of Montana Convicted of Corruption in Office.

HELENA, Mont., March 5 .- Representative Martin Brickley of Jefferson county was excelled from the Legislature yesterday for corrupion in office. Before a committee appointed to investigate charges of bribe-taking that had become prevalent, Brickley testified in the nest nonchalant manner possible that at different times since the session began he had found sums of money ranging as high as \$200 in his room, and that he had used parts of such sums

for and against certain bills. RAINES LIKELY TO BE SHUNTED. ition Is to Let the Liquor Law Alone in

Spite of His Piens. What to do with the proposed amendments to the Liquor Tax law which Senator Raines has prepared will be determined by the Republican lead-

INDIANS WANT TO FIGHT.

Papagos Quitting Their Work and Joining Hostile Bands-All Well Armed. HERMONILLO, Mexico, March 5.-Largo num bers of Papago Indians, employed in the mines and on ranches in the district east of here, are deserting their places and joining the hostile bands of their tribe which have their rendezvous in the mountains twenty miles south of Plomo, this State. The Papagos are very much excited over the killing of one of their chiefs and five members of their tribe at Plomo a few days ago, and there is every indication that they are now preparing for a war against the Mexican settlers of that section. The Indians are well armed and recently received supplies of ammunition from the United States at a point near Nogales.

MRS. CLEVELAND IN PRINCETON. Rumors of a Reception to He Given by Mr.

Cleveland to His New Fellow Townsmen. PRINCETON, N. J., March 5,-Mrs. Cleveland rested in her new home in Bayard avenue today. A wagon load of trunks from Washington was delivered at the house this afternoon. Rumors are affoat about a great informal reception to be given by Mr. Cleveland to the stu-dents and townspeople soon after his arrival at Princeton. Everybody will be invited, it is said, and the affair will be of the nature of an old-fashioned housewarming.

Gov. Bradley Appoints Major Wood Senator. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 5.—Gov. Bradley this morning appointed Major A. T. Wood of Mount Sterling United States Senator to succeed Mr.

Blackburn. The Governor also issued a proclamation calling an extra session of the Legislature

on March 13 to elect a Senator for the full term.

A Strike at the New Aster Motel Imminent. The Board of Walking Delegates has notified Contractor Downey that the union men will not Contractor Downey that the union men will not handle any non-union material at the new Astor Hotel. Thirty-fourth street and Fifth avenue, and that if non-union men are employed a general strike will be declared. The trouble is over the granting of a contract for 490 mantels to a Rochester firm which employs non-union men, and the granting of another for doors to a Trenton firm which also employs non-union men.

THE PRESIDENT BESIEGED.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS PACKED WITH PROPLE TO SEE HIM.

Lower Floors of the Mansion Alse Jammed-The President Called Out Several Times to Review Marching Organisations-A Bash of Politicians Expected To-Day.

WASHINGTON, March 5.- There was nothing in the appearance of President McKinley this moreing to indicate the severe physical strain he bad been under lately, and when he stepped brickly into his office at 9 o'clock he looked as gorous as yesterday, when he stood for three lours reviewing the great parade in front of the White House grounds. After a few hours' sleep the President arose shortly after 7, had breakfast with his family and a number of Canton friends now guests at the White House, and shortly afterward was, with Secretary Porter, ready for the busy day before him. Hundreds of people who had supposed that there night be a morning reception were already gathered under the portico, and the prospects seemed favorable to a great jam before the noon hour arrived. Secretary Porter at once consulted with his chief, and as a result Gen. Wilson, Chief of Engineers, was telephoned. to detail an army officer to assist the big police ferce in preserving order, keeping the crowds in fine, and to assist in lining up the various organizations the President had promised to receive. Everybody from Ohio wanted to see the President, and he promised yesterday that he would receive the organizations to-day, including the fine looking troop of cavalry from Cleve land, which acted as his escort to and from the

A big squad of policemen came early to the White House, but soon met trouble in handling the crowd, as each man swore he was fron Canton, Cleveland, or some other Ohio town, a close friend of the President, and that he must be admitted. Some of these worked the game successfully and got within the doors, and the reult was to jam the lower floors so full by 10 in the morning that the young army officer, with the assistance of a dozen policemen, had the greatest difficulty in preventing a rush being made for the President's office upstairs. Meanwhile, on the outside, the throng was gathering in vast numbers, as the word seemed to have passed along Pennsylvania avenue, where various military and civic bodies were out parading or on their way to the railroad stations, that the President would receive all who came to the White House in the morning, and within an hour the drives leading from the main entrances became packed with military and bands, women and children, and civic organizations, all anxious to gain access. The Dave Martin Club of Philadelphia, several hundred strong, came along early and helped swell the crowd. Every Ohio man in the city seemed to be within a square of the White House, and every band that accompanied the clubs and military bodies was bent on playing one of

Capitol.

Sousa's marches or some other lively tune. Inside the President was trying to get time to make out the Cabinet nominations as this was the first business of the day that required attention. Neither the President nor Secretary Porter knew how to manage the crowd, and, while they were cogitating, Licut. Gilmore brought up word that if the President did not review some of the marching organizations there might be a rush on the policemen guarding the entrances. Without a word the President sent hastily for his hat and coat, and with Mr. Porter and some newspaper reporters as a staff, he hurried down through the public stairway and made his way to the front portion of the mansion. The crowd by that front portice of the mansion. The crowd by that time had swelled to several thousand. They did not expect to see the Major, and not until he was fairly on them did they recognize him. Then a mighty yell went up, and the hundreds of others passing along the avenue a block away caught the sounds, and immediately started for the White House. The Major gave a dip of his hat and smiled, and the crowd again cheered, while a big band from Cleveland struck up. Pride of Paradise Alley. The day was wet and rainy, and hundreds around raised gaudy umbrellas and passesi in review as the President remained bareheaded and acknowledged all salutes by dipping his

the Liquor Tax law which Senator Raines has prepared will be determined by the Republican leaders next week. Senator Platt is said to be with Edward Lauterbach and Jacob Worth in the lopinion that radical changes in the law should not be made. Senator Raines has said that he ought to be permitted at least to introduce an amendment which will be effectual in wiping out spurious clubs. Even this privileze may be denied him. Mr. Lauterbach said yesterday that such an amendment would necessarily require a classification by law of clubs, and that the big social clubs object to having their distribution of liquors to members subject to supervision by State officials.

"They do not want to be put in the class with salcons," said he. "Small clubs, which are legitimate institutions, are unable to pay any sort of liquor tax. As to fake clubs, the present law, if carefully enforced, will give rid of them. It would not be difficult to get a conviction in law, if carefully enforced, will give rid of them. It would not be difficult to get a conviction entage in the law should not be difficult to get a conviction entage in the law should not be difficult to get a conviction entage in the law should not be difficult to get a conviction entage in the law and the converted to the state that he can be described to the state that he can be defined to get at the spurious clubs.

CAR CONDUCTOR LOCKED UP.

Me struck with a Car Book a Passenger Whe smalled to be defined to get at the spurious clubs.

**Patrich Walsh, a conductor on an Avenue B car, was locked up in the Eldridge street station last evening, charged by William Brown of 50d West Thirtieth street, a passenger on the car, with having assaulted him with a car hook. Brown persisted in smoking cigarettes while on the platform of the car, and refused to stop when ordered to by Walsh.

W

coinci on the star of the North Carolina Governor and that he wished the President to receive the staff during the day. Secretary Porter let the young man in and he secured his engagement.

While interviews were going on the outgoing Cabinet arrived in a body and entered the Cabinet room. Every man was present except Secretary Oiney, who said he did not know of the proposed visit, and who came later by himself and paid his respects to the President. All of the Cabinet were requested to hold office until the new Cabinet had been confirmed and sworn in, which they agreed to.

Senator "Billy" Mason of Illinois bustled up the stairs and told Secretary Porter that he had an important engagement with the President, business that could not be delayed. He also got in and came away smiling. By this time it was past 10 o'clock, and the throng in front of the White House had swelled to several hundred. The members of the old regiment commanded by the President during the war had acrived and sent up word that they would not leave the city until the President had shaken hands with every one. One hundred strong, they filed into the great East Room, where two ushers, Lieut, Gilmore, and a detective stood ready to manage things. With a swinging golt the President came down the back way and entered the room, where he was at once received with territle yells.

"Glad to see you, boys," he said. "Seems to me I have seen most of you before."

Every one seemed to be a Colonel or a Major, and as they passed up to shake hands they each stopped to sak the President how it felt to be President and how he was standing the strain alroady grown to twice its original number, and that there were more in Washington to-day than survived the war.

Gov. Long, the new Secretary of the Navy, reached the White House shortly after 11, and at once saw the President. Ten minutes after he entered the private office he and the President than already grown to twice its original number, and that there were more in Washington to-day than survived the war.

half an hour.

Mr. Evans said he would come back, and later appeared with a dozen members of the Tennessee Logislature, whom he presented. Mr. Evans declares that he is not a candidate for any office.